

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions,
and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended) [[A]] An isolated 2-
hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase, ~~substantially~~ comprising a
~~sequence of amino acids 1-328 represented by the amino acid~~
sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.

2. (currently amended) [[A]] The isolated 2-
hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase according to claim 1, wherein
[[a]] said 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase catalyzes a
dehydration reaction is accelerated by acting on of 2,7-
dihydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavanone or 2,5,7-trihydroxy-4'-
methoxyisoflavanone to thereby generate formononetin or biochanin
A.

3. (currently amended) A polynucleotide, ~~substantially~~
comprising:

a nucleotide sequence encoding the 2-hydroxyisoflavanone
dehydratase according to claim 1; or

a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide
sequence.

4. (currently amended) A polynucleotide, which encodes a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase consisting of ~~1-1178 bases~~, and ~~is represented by the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.~~

5. (currently amended) A polynucleotide, having 50% or more homology to a nucleotide sequence ~~included in~~ of SEQ ID NO: 2, and ~~encoding wherein said nucleotide encodes for~~ a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase.

6. (currently amended) [[A]] The polynucleotide according to claim 3, which is obtained by cloning from *Glycyrrhiza echinata*.

7. (original) A polynucleotide, which hybridizes at least part of a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2 or a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence.

8. (original) A polynucleotide, which can function as a primer or a probe for a nucleotide sequence encoding a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase or cDNA of the 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase, which can be hybridized with a successive sequence of at least 15 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or a polynucleotide complementary to the successive sequence.

9. (previously presented) A 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase, encoded by the polynucleotide according to claim 3.

{ 10. (currently amended) A method of dehydrating a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone comprising using dehydrating a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone with a protein encoded by the polynucleotide according to claim 3.

11. (currently amended) A method of producing an isoflavonoid comprising using reacting at least flavanone, 2-hydroxyisoflavanone synthase (IFS), and a protein encoded by the polynucleotide according to claim 3.

12. (previously presented) A vector, comprising the polynucleotide according to claim 3 inserted therein.

13. (previously presented) A recombinant DNA or RNA, comprising an expression system from which the polynucleotide according to claim 3 can be expressed in a host cell.

14. (original) A host cell transformed by the vector according to claim 12.

15. (original) A transformed host cell according to claim 14, wherein the host cell comprises yeast.

16. (original) A host cell according to claim 14, wherein the host cell comprises a recombinant *E. coli* cell of Accession No: FERM BP-08662.

17. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase, comprising incubating the host cell according to claim 14, and isolating 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase.

18. (currently amended) A method of producing isoflavonoid comprising using the producing said isoflavonoid with a host cell according to claim 14.

19. (currently amended) A method of producing isoflavonoid comprising using producing said isoflavonoid with a host cell transformed by the polynucleotide according to claim 3 and a polynucleotide encoding a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone synthase (IFS).

20. (previously presented) A transgenic plant, comprising the polynucleotide according to claim 3 introduced therein.

21. (original) A transgenic plant according to claim 20, wherein the transgenic plant comprises a leguminous plant.

22. (currently amended) A method of producing isoflavonoid comprising using obtaining the plant according to claim 20 and isolating said isoflavonoid from said plant.

23. (currently amended) A method of modifying isoflavonoid comprising using modifying the isoflavonoid with a plant according to claim 20.

24. (currently amended) [[A]] An isolated 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase, substantially comprising a sequence of amino acids ~~1-319 represented by of~~ SEQ ID NO: 3.

25. (currently amended) [[A]] An isolated 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase according to claim 24, wherein said 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase catalyzes a dehydration reaction is accelerated by acting on of 2,7,4'-trihydroxyisoflavanone or 2,5,7,4'-tetrahydroxyisoflavanone to thereby generate daidzein or genistein.

26. (currently amended) A polynucleotide, substantially comprising:

a nucleotide sequence encoding the 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase according to claim 24; or

a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence.

27. (currently amended) A polynucleotide, ~~which encodes a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase consisting of nucleotides 1-960 bases, and is represented by of SEQ ID NO: 4.~~

28. (currently amended) A polynucleotide, having 50% or more homology to a nucleotide sequence ~~included in comprising~~ SEQ ID NO: 4, and ~~encoding wherein said polynucleotide encodes for a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase.~~

29. (previously presented) A polynucleotide according to claim 26, which is obtained by cloning from soybeans.

30. (original) A polynucleotide, which hybridizes at least part of a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4 or a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence.

31. (original) A polynucleotide, which can function as a primer or a probe for a nucleotide sequence encoding a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase or cDNA of the 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase, which can be hybridized with a successive sequence of at least 15 of SEQ ID NO: 4 or a polynucleotide complementary to the successive sequence.

32. (currently amended) [[A]] An isolated 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase, encoded by the polynucleotide according to claim 26.

33. (currently amended) A method of dehydrating a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone comprising using dehydrating a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone with a protein encoded by the polynucleotide according to claim 26.

34. (currently amended) A method of producing an isoflavonoid comprising using reacting at least flavanone, 2-hydroxyisoflavanone synthase (IFS), and a protein encoded by the polynucleotide according to claim 26.

35. (previously presented) A vector, comprising the polynucleotide according to claim 26 inserted therein.

36. (previously presented) A recombinant DNA or RNA, comprising an expression system from which the polynucleotide according to claim 26 can be expressed in a host cell.

37. (original) A host cell transformed by the vector according to claim 35.

38. (original) A transformed host cell according to claim 37, wherein the host cell comprises yeast.

39. (original) A host cell according to claim 37, wherein the host cell comprises a recombinant *E. coli* cell of Accession No: FERM BP-08661.

40. (previously presented) A host cell transformed by a vector where a polypeptide encoding a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone synthase (IFS) is inserted and a vector where the polynucleotide according to claim 26 is inserted.

41. (original) A transformed host cell according to claim 40, wherein the host cell comprises yeast.

42. (original) A host cell according to claim 41, wherein the host cell comprises a recombinant yeast *E. coli* cell of Accession No: FERM BP-08663.

43. (previously presented) A method of manufacturing 2-hydroxyisoflavanone dehydratase, comprising incubating the host cell according to claim 37.

44. (currently amended) A method of producing isoflavonoid comprising using producing an isoflavonoid with the host cell according to claim 37.

45. (previously presented) A transgenic plant, comprising the polynucleotide according to claim 26 introduced therein.

46. (original) A transgenic plant according to claim 45, wherein the transgenic plant comprises a leguminous plant.

47. (currently amended) A method of producing isoflavonoid comprising using obtaining the plant according to claim 45 and isolating said isoflavonoid from said plant.

48. (currently amended) A method of modifying isoflavonoid comprising using the modifying said isoflavonoid with a plant according to claim 45.

49. (original) A polynucleotide, encoding an enzyme having a motif of carboxylesterase and catalyzing a dehydration reaction.

50. (original) A polynucleotide, encoding an enzyme having a motif of carboxylesterase and catalyzing a dehydration reaction of a 2-hydroxyisoflavanone.